### NICEC

National Institute for Career Education and Counselling



## **Evaluating Career Coaching**

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## **Evaluating career coaching: challenges, methods and reflections**

#### Evaluating career development interventions is not easy......

- **Objectives** of career interventions may not be clear and may not lead design
- The impact of career interventions can be complex, take a long time, be personal and varied, difficult to
  observe or for individuals to articulate
- Evaluating impact (rather than process) and trying to measure (not just suggest improvements) is especially challenging
- Privacy and **anonymity** can be in tension with tracking individuals and accessing factual data

#### Models of impact, based on theory and with appropriate metrics are lacking .....

- Coaching has theory, practice and evaluation approaches, but often rooted in coaching for job performance or learning and development, not career coaching
- **Career development** has plenty of theories too, but not widely accepted evaluation models and metrics

#### Context matters.....

- Impacts relevant for young people or unemployed adults are not appropriate for employed adults
- The employer may be providing the coaching and may be interested in organisational as well as individual impact
- There may be **specific issues** related to the workforce, the work and work settings

## The service being evaluated



- Launched October 2021
- Born out of previous awardwinning coaching service to support wellbeing of primary care workforce during Covid-19
- The career coaching service was designed to support workers to take practical steps, take more control over their career direction and proactively advance it
- 1-1 on-line or telephone delivery
- No barriers to access for primary care workers including dentists, pharmacists, optometrists, GPs and their colleagues
- 1,938 people were coached through the service up to end Jan 2024

## Some specific evaluation challenges in this case



- New impact model needed evaluating career coaching different from well-being coaching
- Impact may take longer to show
- Desire to evaluate organisational as well as individual impact
- A lot going on in primary care workplaces and with workforce
- Fragmented and complex labour market. @120,000 workers, @ 80 occupations & 100s of employers
- Asking time-poor workers for data

## **Establishing the evaluation logic model**

How did we agree a model to underpin the evaluation? Conversations with:

- sponsor for the evaluation
- coaches already involved in delivery
- NICEC Fellows re appropriate theory and metrics

Literature searches for relevant models and existing instruments for measuring career development impact and organisational impacts of interest to the client

Sense checking with the coaching community of practice

## **Evaluation model for career coaching intervention**

#### CONTEXT

Rising demands on primary care Government priorities for primary care Complexity of primary health careers Evidence of burn out Concerns with staff retention and participation Rising expectation from UK workforce of flexible employment

#### **CAREER COACHING INPUT**

Extension of existing coaching offers Delivered by qualified external coaches Contextualized for primary care Personalized, client-centred, impartial Helping individuals navigate own careers Signposting to connect individuals with career information and support Up to 4X45 min. career coaching sessions Easy access – self-referral and on-line booking

#### Key

Cognitive - thinking differently Behavioural - acting differently Emotional - feeling differently Possible longer-term outcomes Individual IMPACTS

#### Self-awareness

Career interests, skills and values Sources of sense of purpose and satisfaction (including with current work)

**Opportunity awareness** Wider understanding of health jobs & pathways Knowing where to find career information Accessing career resources/ information

#### **Career planning**

Identifying options and making choices Having a clearer sense of direction / purpose Shaping career plan and identifying actions

**Career self-management skills** Career decision-making Confidence and ability to access work and learning

#### Career action

Accessing further support Making changes in life outside work Renegotiating current job content Gaining flexibility in work patterns or locations Moving towards a change in job, role or occupation - inside or outside the sector 'Portfolio' working/ career Managing retirement

#### Attitudinal & Emotional

Feel calmer and better able to think about career Feel supported in career Feel more confident Able to take ownership of career choices &

actions (sense of agency in relation to career)

## OUTCOMES impacting sector



## **Cognitive impacts explored**

#### **Self-awareness**

Career interests, skills and values

Sources of sense of purpose and satisfaction (including with current work)

#### **Opportunity awareness**

Wider understanding of jobs & pathways Knowing where to find career information Accessing career resources/ information

#### **Career planning** Identifying options and making choices Having a clearer sense of direction / purpose

Shaping career plan and identifying actions

#### **Career self-management skills**

Career decision-making Confidence and ability to access work and learning

## Actions and emotional impacts explored

Career action
Accessing further support
Making changes in life outside work
Renegotiating current job content
Gaining flexibility in work patterns or locations
Moving towards a change in job, role or occupation - inside or outside sector
'Portfolio' working/ career [working fewer hours]
Managing retirement
[Achieving a good worklife balance*]

\* Worklife balance added to survey after consultation

#### **Attitudinal & Emotional**

Feel calmer and better able to think about career

Feel supported in career

Feel more confident

Able to take ownership of career choices & actions (sense of agency in relation to career)

## Organisational outcomes explored

#### **Positive career expectations**

Career satisfaction [Meaningful work]\* Confident & able to manage own career Expectation of a fulfilling career in primary care/health

Retention

Intention to stay in job/ primary care/health

**Participation** Intention re amount of work/ length of career \* Meaningful work and burnout were measured with pre-existing scales/ inventories

Reduced burnout\*, increased motivation

ie less emotionally exhausted; more engaged with others at work; more effective at work

Not explored yet, but of longer-term interest

**Readiness & capability for change** 

**Positive employment brand** - Longer-term attractiveness of primary care

## **Evaluation conducted in two waves from:**

### Impact surveys

124 coachees completed surveys before and immediately after coaching

51 coachees completed surveys before and up to 22 months after coaching

## Prompted journals

227 coachees

submitted entries before, during, and/or after coaching Career tracking interviews 9 coachees each interviewed twice

## Career Action statements average agreement and change

Had a conversation with my line manager, senior manager or someone in HR in my organisation about my career

Extended my career network through my existing contacts, professional organisations, social media, etc.

Made changes to my current job content

Accessed other personal support (e.g. for my health and wellbeing)

Increased my portfolio working or career i.e. moved towards working fewer hours in my current job with other activities

Had a conversation with someone I know well (family, friend, or close colleague) about my career

Pre-coaching



Source: IES, 2023

# Longer term effects: Career Satisfaction statements - average agreement



Note: \* denotes statistically significant difference (p<0.05) between pre-coaching and longitudinal follow up surveys Source: IES, 2024

# What have we learnt about the impact from the career coaching service in primary care?

## **Quick effects**

- Career *thinking*, especially in career planning and career management skills
- *Emotionally* calmer, more confident, more able to think
- Increased confidence and agency in managing own career
- Actions and behaviours esp. in conversations and networks, negotiating changes to current job content

## Longer term effects

- Career *intentions* reduction in seeking a job move but possible trade-off between fewer hours and retention
- Career satisfaction
- Slight improvement in burnout and meaning in work measures
- Hard to know if effects due to coaching

## Erik de Haan

Slide shown by John Lees in reflection session



Relational Coaching: Journeys Towards Mastering One to One Learning, Wiley, 2008

## **Our reflections on evaluating career coaching**

Some challenges overcome by the logic model

- Knowing why service is happening (purpose)
- Using feedback from those involved in piloting
- Cognitive, emotional and behavioural clusters seem both memorable and useful

Some challenges overcome by the methods (procedural aspects):

- Participation improved by getting coaches' active support and keeping them informed
- Separate out requests (helps response rate)
- Interviews too time consuming in this setting
- Journalling a surprise success in both popularity and depth of insights
- Don't underestimate the power of a good story (narrative)

Some challenges remained

- Employer and health system outcomes
- Lack of widely accepted metrics or instruments for career interventions with employed adults. Importing scales from other fields (eg burnout) can push out other key questions

## Thank you

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